

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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THE ERECTION COMPANY, et al.,

Case No. 2:12-cv-00612-MMD-NJK

Plaintiffs,

ORDER

v.  
ARCHER WESTERN CONTRACTORS,  
LLC, et al.,

(Motion in Limine – dkt. no. 87)

Defendants.

ARCHER WESTERN  
CONTRACTORS, LLC,

Counterclaimant

v.  
THE ERECTION COMPANY,  
Counterdefendant.

ARCHER WESTERN  
CONTRACTORS, LLC,

Cross-Claimant,

v.  
POSTEL INDUSTRIES, INC.,  
Cross-Defendant.

ARCHER WESTERN  
CONTRACTORS, LLC,

Third-Party Plaintiff,

v.  
TRAVELERS CASUALTY & SURETY  
COMPANY OF AMERICA, et al.,  
Third-Party Defendants.

Before the Court is plaintiff The Erection Company, Inc.'s ("TEC") First Motion in Limine to Preclude Archer Western Contractors, LLC From Designating FAA Employees

1 as Expert Witnesses and From Calling Them as Witnesses at Trial (dkt. no. 87). For the  
2 reasons discussed below, the Motion is denied.

3 This dispute arises out of work performed on the construction of the new control  
4 tower at McCarran International Airport for the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA").  
5 TEC was the subcontractor for steel installation and subcontracted with cross-defendant  
6 Postel Industries, Inc. ("PIC"), who was the subcontractor for steel fabrication.  
7 Defendant Archer Western Contractors, LLC ("Archer") was the general contractor on  
8 the project.

9 TEC seeks to exclude three (3) employees of the FAA from testifying at trial.  
10 These employees were identified in Archer's supplemental Rule 26(a) disclosures as  
11 percipient witnesses and two of them were identified as "non-retained percipient expert  
12 witnesses." (Dkt. nos. 87-1 at 4; 87-2 at 1.) Archer disclosed that two of these  
13 employees, Alex Seguin and Giovanni Galadgac, are expected to offer testimony  
14 relating to their "involvement with the project and [their] interaction with Archer and TEC  
15 [Plaintiff]." (Dkt. no. 87-1 at 4.) The other FAA employee, Michael Valaie, is expected to  
16 offer testimony about his inspections of PIC and Plaintiff's work and other issues relating  
17 to the construction project. (See *id.*) However, Archer contends that it has not yet  
18 identified any witnesses it intends to call at trial and the deadline for such disclosures  
19 was months away at the time the Motion was filed.

20 A motion in limine is a request for the court's guidance concerning an evidentiary  
21 question. See *Wilson v. Williams*, 182 F.3d 562, 570 (7th Cir. 1999). Judges have broad  
22 discretion when ruling on motions in limine. See *Jenkins v. Chrysler Motors Corp.*, 316  
23 F.3d 663, 664 (7th Cir. 2002).

24 The Court declines to exercise its discretion to address the Motion as the issue  
25 raised is premature and may not even arise. Archer has not disclosed whether the three  
26 FAA employees will be called to testify at trial. Plaintiff's objection may be rendered moot  
27 if Archer does not include these witnesses on its pretrial disclosures.

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1 It is therefore ordered that Plaintiff's First Motion in Limine (dkt. no. 87) is denied.  
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3 DATED THIS 26<sup>th</sup> day of February 2014.

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MIRANDA M. DU  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE